AUGUST. 1781. THE NUMB. 2672.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE,

AND

WEEKLY ADVERTISER.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29, 1781.

The *French Language.*

JAMES ROBINS, a native of Paris, continues to teach the French Language in this city with great ſucceſs. The Gentlemen and Ladies, with whoſe inſtruction he has been intruſted for ſome months paſt, can, with more propriety than himſelf, and with greater impartiality, inform the Public what his talents and capacity are.

As autumn now approaches, when the ſweet reviving zephyrs will ſucceed the ſcorching heats of ſummer, he takes the liberty of exhorting all the amiable young perſons of both ſexes in this city, to take the advantage of that ſeaſon, in order to learn from him this language in perfection, and with the moſt elegant pronunciation.

By his eaſy expeditious method of inſtruction, if his pupils will give a proper application, they may attain all the neceſſary knowledge of this polite language in a few months; and by the exerciſe of patience, moderation, and every other quality requiſite for the advancement of education, he hopes to avoid giving that diſguſt, particularly to the fair ſex, that is often occaſioned by the unſkilfulneſs, impatience, or inattention of teachers.

The ſaid James Robins having compleated a liberal education at Paris, and having for upwards of forty years paſſed his life in travelling the four quarters of the world, and lived in all nations, invariably frequenting the beſt company in each, it is preſumed that he has had every poſſible opportunity of knowing and practiſing good and avoiding evil; and that he poſſeſſes, in the higheſt degree, all the qualities that are requiſite to give compleat ſatisfaction to the public on the ſubject of the education of thoſe young perſons who ſhall be intruſted to his care.

He teaches young Gentlemen and Ladies at their reſpective lodgings, and will give punctual attendance at ſpecified hours.

Gentlemen and Ladies deſiring to ſee him, will pleaſe to ſend their directions to Mr. ROBERT BELL's Book-Store, in Third-ſtreet, near to St. Paul's Church, and they ſhall be waited upon without diſappointment or delay. ¶

Old Ferry, Philadelphia, Auguſt 20, 1781.

ON Monday, the 30th of July, a man left a ſmall Bay HORSE, low in fleſh, with an old ſaddle and bridle, at William Cooper's Ferry, and deſired he might be ſent over the river, and left at the Old Ferry till called for. Notice is hereby given to the owner of ſaid horſe, to come, pay the charges, and take him away, or he will be ſold for his keeping in three weeks from this date, by

WILLIAM MILNOR, and
WILLIAM COOPER.

To be SOLD by the ſubſcriber,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in Birmingham, Cheſter county, Pennſylvania, within half a mile of Friends Meeting-houſe, bounded weſterly by Brandywine-Creek, containing 132 acres, 12 whereof is good meadow, moſtly watered, and ſeveral acres more of the like may be made: There is on ſaid premiſes, a two ſtory ſtone dwelling-houſe, with a ſquared log kitchen adjoining, and a ſmall ſtone houſe, with ſeveral other convenient ſtone buildings near the dwelling-houſe, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, alſo, a frame barn, 46 feet by 30, with horſes and cows ſtabling under the whole, and a never failing ſtream of water running through the barn-yard, the ſame runs near the dwelling-houſe, which is likewiſe ſupplied with a good well of water, alſo 120 bearing apple trees and upwards of 100 young trees planted out, moſtly grafted: Near the creek, on ſaid premiſes, is a large quantity of mud, good for manure. The crop that is intended to be ſowed this ſeaſon may be ſold with the place, if it ſuits the purchaſer: any perſon inclining to purchaſe may know the terms of ſale, by applying to the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes.

THOMAS METEER.

The 14th of the 8th Month, 1781. †

Alſo, TWO LOTS, ſituate in the town of Port-Royal, Lancaſter county, with the improvements thereon erected.

WANTED immediately,

A WOMAN,

With a good BREAST of MILK, who can be well recommended. Apply to the Printers.

THE Agent for the WEST-JERSEY SOCIETY being dead, and the ſubſcriber being the only perſon in America intereſted in the lands and other eſtate belonging to ſaid Society, he gives this PUBLIC NOTICE, that he propoſes to apply to the ſeveral Aſſemblies of Pennſylvania and New-Jerſey, at their next ſeſſions, for a law to enable him to recover the rents due ſaid Society, in order to pay the taxes accruing; to preſerve the timber, and prevent waſte; to proſecute all treſpaſſers on ſaid lands, and generally to manage the affairs of the Society for the common benefit of all concerned, until the ſtate of public affairs will permit a regular appointment of an Agent, agreeable to the rules of the Society. ¶ JOSEPH REED.

*** All Perſons indebted to HALL and SELLERS for the GAZETTE, or other PRINTING WORK, are deſired to diſcharge their Accounts.

ALL perſons indebted to the Eſtate of SAMUEL MIFFLIN, Eſq; deceaſed; are deſired to pay into the hands of the ſubſcriber; and thoſe who have any demands upon ſaid eſtate, are deſired to produce their accounts, duly proved, in order for ſettlement. WILLIAM ATTMORE, Executor.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 20, 1781. 6 w. ¶

THE Subſcribers to the GAZETTE, whom DAVID MORGAN, Poſt-Rider, ſupplies, are deſired immediately to diſcharge their ſubſcriptions, otherwiſe he will be under the neceſſity of ſtopping their Papers.

FOR SALE,

A PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, containing 157 acres, ſituate in Thornbury townſhip, Cheſter county, about two miles from Brandywine, and 13 miles from water carriage to Wilmington or Marcus-Hook, about 27 miles from Philadelphia, and one quarter of a mile from Birmingham Meeting-houſe; the land is very good for grain or paſture, and well watered, about 12 acres of watered meadow, and more may be made at a ſmall expence, and about 35 acres of woodland. There is on ſaid premiſes a ſtone dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, 20 feet by 30, a good frame barn, almoſt new, with ſtone ſtables and cow-houſes underneath. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, by applying to the ſubſcribers, on the premiſes, may know the terms.

SAMPSON DAVIS,
ISAAC DAVIS.

‡

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Thornbury townſhip, in Cheſter county, about the beginning of June, 1780, EIGHT SHEEP, they are of different marks, viz. Four of them has a ſlit in the right ear and a hole in the other; three of them has a crop off the right ear and a ſlit in the other; and the other one has a ſlit in both ears. They have been advertiſed in ſeveral public places round the neighbourhood, about the firſt of October laſt, and ſhould have been put in the public papers ſhortly after, if they had not been claimed by a neighbour, but he never proving his property, I take this method to inform the public in general, and the owner or owners, if any there be, to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away.

Auguſt 16, 1781. ‡ STEPHEN TAYLOR.

Cheſter, Auguſt 14, 1781.

WAS taken up in the borough of Cheſter, A ſmall Black HORSE, with a bald face. The owner proving his property, and paying charges, may have him again, by applying to EDWARD VERNON.

LAST evening was committed to my cuſtody, the following NEGROES, viz. One who calls himſelf SIP, and ſays that he came from York in a Refugee boat, and was taken by the militia up Potomack river, and that he has ſince lived with James Bright in Rockhall hundred, oppoſite Annapolis: He is 5 feet 8 inches high, ſtraight built, and talks broken? Had on, a ſtraw hat, a ſort of a coverlid coat, old dirty cloth coloured veſt, old ſtriped ditto, old tow linen ſhirt under them, and a good ditto over them, tow linen trowſers and leather breeches under them, a pair of old woollen leggins and neats leather ſhoes, with thongs. The other calls himſelf TOM, and ſays that his maſter's name is Mr. William Smith, who, he ſays, keeps the ferry acroſs Potomack river, from Rockhall hundred over to Annapolis: He is 5 feet 4 inches high, well ſet, talks ſtolerable good Engliſh, and appears to be a cunning arch fellow: Had on when taken, a good caſtor maccaroni hat, a red coat, with pewter buttons, old red and white ſilk and cotton veſt, a fine linen ſhirt under, and a coarſe tow linen ditto over them, tow linen ſailor's trowſers, white breeches and neats leather ſhoes; beſides the cloaths above deſcribed, they have a bundle in which is ſome ſhirts, veſts, handkerchiefs, &c. Their maſters (if they have any) are requeſted to come within four weeks from the date hereof, pay their charges, and take them away, otherwiſe they will be ſold for the ſame. ¶ NATHAN JOHNSON, Goaler.

Bridgetown, Cumberland county, State of New-Jerſey, Auguſt 6, 1781.

JAMES NEWPORT,

At his Diſtillery Store,

In Front-ſtreet, the ſecond door above the Bank-Meeting,

Has, by WHOLESALE and RETAIL,

Of excellent QUALITY.

JAMAICA Spirits,	Anniſeed Water,
Weſt-India Rum,	Clove ditto,
Philadelphia ditto,	Orange ditto,
Plain Brandy,	Cinnamon ditto,
Raſberry ditto,	All Fours,
Geneva,	Mint Cordial,

And Spirits of Wine, proper for Medicinal uſes, or for raiſing the Proof of low Liquors.

N. B. He gives particular encouragement to thoſe who buy of him to ſell again.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 4, 1781. ¶

Head of Cheſter, Maryland, Aug. 2, 1781.

One Hundred Spaniſh milled Dollars Reward.

THE Subſcriber, on the 31ſt of July laſt betwen the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock at night, at the eaſt end of Mr. Ramſey's mill-dam, on the Head of Bohemia, in Cæcil county, Maryland, was overtaken and attacked by two men on horſes, with great-coats on, and the capes wrapped round their faces; one of which preſented a horſe piſtol to my breaſt, at which time the other ſeized my horſe's bridle reins. The one with the preſented piſtol demanded my money; I aſked him if he meant to take that he never intended to make any reſtitution for, on which the man at my horſe's head came up into my carriage, and put his hand into my pockets and took out Thirty-Six Half Johanneſes, Ten Doubloons, and Nine Spaniſh milled Dollars. It is expected that all Innkeepers and others will apprehend all ſuſpicious perſons that may have ſuch deſcribed money. Whoever apprehends and ſecures the above Robbers, or either of them, ſo that they be brought to juſtice and the money returned, ſhall receive the above reward of JOHN RAWLINGS.

Continuation of Letters found on board the Britiſh Packet bound to New-York, but taken on her paſſage and carried into France.

Duplicate No. 78.

Whitehall, Feb. 7, 1781.

SIR,

LIEUTENANT Colonel Maxwell, Governor of the Bahama iſlands, has repeatedly complained of the expoſed condition of his government, from the want of heavy ordnance and proper ammunition; and as I underſtand there is a large number of cannon at Charleſtown not wanted there, I have directed him to apply to you for as many as he has occaſion for, and can make a proper uſe of, which you will order to be carried to him, by ſome of the veſſels upon that ſtation in the pay of government. He likewiſe repreſents the great diſtreſs the troops ſuffer from the want of medicines and medical aſſiſtance, neither the Surgeon or Mate belonging to the invalid corps, having been upon the iſlands for ſome months. You will, therefore, be pleaſed to order one of them to return inſtantly, and a ſupply of medicines to be ſent with him.

I am, Sir, your moſt obedient humble ſervant,
(Signed) GEO. GERMAINE.

Sir Henry Clinton.

Duplicate No. 12.

Whitehall, Feb. 28, 1781.

SIR,

IT was a great pleaſure to me, to find by your letter of the 22d November, which I received with yours No. 26, 27 and 28, that a ſhip with a cargo of maſts, procured at St. John's river, had arrived at Halifax. So ſeaſonable a ſupply of that eſſential naval ſtore would, from any place, be a very pleaſing circumſtance, but when it may be conſidered as only an earneſt of what may be obtained in a part of his Majeſty's poſſeſſions, ſo convenient to Halifax, and all the American ſtations, the ſatisfaction increaſes in proportion to the importance of the object; and the country which furniſhes them becomes of more worth to Great-Britain than the richeſt territory; too much attention therefore cannot be ſhewn to the preſervation of this moſt valuable timber; and Major Studholm proved himſelf a faithful ſubject of the King, and a zealous friend of his country, by the care he took to protect the workmen employed in cutting the maſts, and the aſſiſtance he gave in ſecuring and conveying them, and I have not failed to communicate your letter, bearing teſtimony to his merit, to Lord Amherſt.

Sir Andrew Hammond is ſtill in England, and I underſtand he does not propoſe ſetting out for Nova-Scotia until April.

The acts and copy of eſtimate, tranſmitted with your No. 27, have been ſent to the Board of Trade.

I am, Sir, your moſt obedient humble ſervant,
(Signed) GEO. GERMAINE.

Lieut. Governor Hughes.

Duplicate.

Whitehall, Feb. 28, 1781.

SIR,

I HAVE received your diſpatches No. 7 and 8, and am very happy to find no interruption has been given to the people employed by the naval department, in cutting maſts on St. John's river, more eſpecially as I have been informed by the Lieutenant Governor, that a cargo had arrived from thence at Halifax. So great a national object cannot be too much attended to; and although it is not judged proper to annex to your office, any proviſion for ſervices not directed by the commander of the King's forces, yet as he is inſtructed to ſupply whatever is neceſſary for the execution of every meaſure he directs to be undertaken, I do not apprehend you can have any reaſon to fear the King's affairs will be allowed to ſuffer from the want of proviſions, to enable you to effect any really neceſſary and important ſervice: I however continue in the opinion I formerly expreſſed to you, that the province ſhould take upon itſelf all Indian expences, not connected with military operations; but as I perceive you have not been able to obtain reimburſement from the aſſembly, of the whole of what you expended and drew for upon the Lords of the Treaſury; to prevent the loſs falling upon you, and truſting to your declaration that the like circumſtance will not again occur, I have recommended to their Lordſhips to pay the balance to your attorney, Mr. Watſon.

I am, Sir, your moſt obedient humble ſervant,
(Signed) GEO. GERMAINE.

Mr. Franklyn, Lieut. Governor Nova-Scotia.

UTRECHT, May 7.

IT appears that, by ſmall degrees, the Americans will at laſt obtain from this Republic, what they have thought incumbent on them to refuſe hitherto, both for fear of giving diſpleaſure to the Court of London, and alſo becauſe the States-General wiſhed to perſevere in their reſolution of not interfering either directly or indirectly in the quarrel that had ariſen between Great-Britain and her Colonies. An article from the Hague mentions, that Mr. Adams, who is furniſhed with full powers for ſupporting the character of Miniſter to the United States of North-America, whenever the intereſt of his conſtituents ſhall make it neceſſary, and who only made his appearance at the Hague *incognito*, has now taken up his reſidence there, and has been preſented at the houſe of the Preſident to the Aſſembly of the States-General. M. Le Baron de Lynden tot Hemmen filled the above place, on the part of the province of Guelderland; and it is ſaid, that Mr. Adams being deſirous of preſenting his letters of credence to him in quality of Miniſter to the Congreſs, M. Le Baron de Lynden informed him, "That as the Republick had not yet acknowledged the Independence of the Colonies of North-America, he could not accept his credentials, but he would make report of them to the Aſſembly."

They add, that upon this reply Mr. Adams retired; that the province of Zealand would not deliberate upon the report made by the Preſident, but that the deputies of the ſix other Provinces had accepted of it, with a deſign of tranſmitting it to their reſpective States, for the purpoſe of receiving their opinion on this important ſubject.

Madrid, April 27. The laſt letters from the Commanders of the blockade of Gibraltar adviſe, that the fire of that place wounded three of our ſoldiers the 16th; and that our fire has made a freſh havock among the enemy's batteries, and has again ſet fire to ſeveral parts of the town. A bomb fell on the powder magazine, but had no effect. The fire of our gun-boats and bomb-ketches annoy very much the enemy's ſhips, but we perceived it did not prevent their unloading them with precipitation.

The 17th, the ſame fire was continued, and we perceived that the flames had deſtroyed the Convent of La Merci, which ſerved for a magazine; and that ſeveral buildings were on fire. Notwithſtanding that ſhips of every rate were cruiſing in the bay, one of our Feluccas took an Engliſh Tartan, with 11 men, laden with proviſions. The 18th and 19th, we continued to moleſt the enemy's ſhips, even in their anchorage, and the fire from our line on the town burnt another magazine.

The 20th, at ten in the morning, our gun-boats attacked again, and fought for upwards of an hour, the ſhips of war at anchor in the bay, and ſeveral others that were under ſail; and did not give over until the wind became too ſtrong for them. The fire from our line again cauſed another conflagration in the town.

The wind beginning to blow from the eaſt, the enemy began to prepare to leave the Straits, and they hurried their manœuvres in ſuch a manner during the night, that the whole ſquadron had got into the ocean without waiting for the convoy from Mahon. During the ſtay in the port they had good weather, favourable to the unloading of their ſtores, and which did not permit us to make uſe of our fireſhips that were in readineſs for the purpoſe.

L O N D O N.

May 25. In a letter received by a merchant in town from Liſbon, it is poſitively aſſerted, that the court of Portugal has promiſed to admit the manufactures of Ireland to their market, and that the late diſagreeable interruption to their commerce will be ſpeedily obviated and all complaints removed.

May 28. There has been lately read in the aſſembly of the nobles of Holland and Weſt Frieſland, an addreſs to them, preſented by Van Berkel, penſionary of the city of Amſterdam; tending to exculpate the members of that part of the Dutch government in general, "from the "charge of pretended daily infractions of the moſt ſolemn "engagements, and alſo from being repreſented as go-"verned by a ſpirit of faction, and a domineering cabal, "tending to ſacrifice the public good to private views." This addreſs is ſigned by Van Berkel, who undertakes throughout to clear himſelf of what he calls the perſonal attacks and accuſations againſt him, as a diſturber of the public peace, and violater of the rights of mankind.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, May 20.

"The provincial reviews in this country, which are to be on the 5th of June, will exhibit a ſcene ſurpaſſing any thing that modern, or perhaps antient hiſtory can produce. There are upwards of 65,000 men returned for the field, 15,000 of which are of the province of Leinſter; theſe are to be reviewed in the Phœnix park, within a mile of the city. Each battalion is amply provided with field pieces, mortars, ſtandards, &c. fitted for the field. After the review they are to be marched into Dublin, every citizen in good circumſtances having given in his name for the entertainment of a certain number, and the enſuing day they are to ſeparate and march for their different habitations. People of all denominations are coming from all parts of the province to ſee this extraordinary ſight; and every packet brings over a number of paſſengers from Cheſhire, Lancaſter and Wales, for the ſame purpoſe."

May 30. We are informed that the French miniſtry are in the utmoſt confuſion; Monſ. Neckar has certainly reſigned; a ſtorm is brewing on the ſide of Germany, the Emperor is augmenting his troops, and the French are ſtrengthening their garriſons on that ſide.

One of the moſt formidable enemies to this country, while in place, was Monſieur Neckar; not from any peculiar hoſtility in his diſpoſition towards us, but from the greatneſs of his abilities, which were ſubſervient to the ambition and policy of France. We cannot, therefore, but conſider it as a fortunate event, that this great Miniſter is diſplaced, as no ſucceſſor can be found of equal abilities to ſuperintend the finances of that kingdom, and as that plan of policy has been rejected, which he thought neceſſary to give vigour and permanency to the exertions of our hereditary and everlaſting enemies, the French.

Extract of a letter from Paris, May 9.

"By letters from Berne of the 4th inſtant we learn, that a courier arrived there that night, with the news that the peaſants of that Canton, to the number of 10,000 men, had taken up arms; that they had ſeized upon Purne and Gruyeres, and had even threatened Fribourgh. The magiſtracy of Berne having aſſembled immediately, ſent 8000 militia, compoſed of infantry and dragoons, with a train of artillery, to that place. The apparent cauſe of this inſurrection is, the aboliſhment of ſome holidays; but the real one is, the too harſh treatment theſe unhappy people undergo from their bailiffs."

June 2. On Wedneſday a General Court was held at the Bank of England, when the proprietors were informed, that Government had agreed to renew the Charter of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England (which will expire anno 1785) for 25 years, on condition that the Bank advances to Government 2,000,000l. at the intereſt of three per cents. per ann. to be paid off within three years out of the ſinking fund.

June 4. As the officers which ſailed with Commodore Johnſtone had orders to provide themſelves with calicoe ſhirts, and other articles of dreſs fitted for hot climates, it is probable that we may ſoon hear of them from the ſpice iſlands, where, if they ſhould ſucceed, the Dutch trade will receive a ſeverer blow than any it has yet experienced.

Monſ. Necker concluded his political career by one of the ſplended actions in the political hiſtory of mankind, adviſing the King his maſter to *reſtore to the Dutch* the Euſtatia property recovered by *La Motbe Picquet.*

The three regiments of guards will be alternately muſtered in the courſe of next week, when a draft will be made from each corps, and ſent over to reinforce Lord Cornwallis in Virginia.

June 7. The Ruſſian ſquadron are now all returned from the Mediterranean; they have ſtill one ſail of the line, and two frigates left behind cruiſing there, St. Pantelemon, Admiral Kruſe, of 76 guns, Patricque of 32, and Colare of 24 guns. The Admiral with five of the line, are returned to the North Seas.

The city politicians pretend to affirm, that the very early return of the Ruſſian fleet from the Mediterranean, which have been out only eight months, ariſes from an apprehenſion of the Court of Peterſburgh, that they ſhall not long be able to remain mere ſpectators of the war. An expreſs is ſaid to have been ſent over to Leghorn to recal them. Time only can ſet us right in theſe conjectures.

S A L E M, *Auguſt 14.*

Since our laſt arrived ſafe in harbour, a prize brigantine to the Privateer ſhip Portus, Capt. Carnes, of this port.

Alſo arrived a ſnow, prize to the Privateer brig Montgomery, Capt. Hobbs.

Laſt Friday arrived here a brigantine, prize to the privateer brig Cato, Capt. Ferſon; her cargo conſiſts of wine, brandy, &c.

Saturday arrived at Beverly a ſchooner, prize to the brig Fortune, Capt. Ives, of that port; her cargo chiefly proviſions.

Another prize arrived ſafe, taken by the Privateer ſhip Diſdain, Capt. Patterſon.

B O S T O N, *Auguſt 16.*

Yeſterday arrived here, in 50 days from Breſt, His Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's frigate Magicienne, of 36 guns, together with a tranſport, having on board cloaths and warlike ſtores of all kinds, on account of the United-States. A number of French gentlemen of the army and navy, came paſſengers in the frigate, among whom is Col. Armong, a gentleman who has highly diſtinguiſhed himſelf in the cauſe of the United-States; he has brought over with him, arms, cloathing, &c. compleat for his legion, now at Head Quarters.

By theſe veſſels we have a confirmation of the taking of the homeward-bound 'Statia fleet, of 25 ſail, the two Britiſh ſhips, their convoy, eſcaped; the value of thoſe taken is eſtimated at fifteen millions of French livers: That the French grand fleet ſailed from Breſt the 23d of June, in order to join the Spaniſh fleet at Cadiz, which, when effected, will amount to 40 ſail of the line, beſides frigates, &c. That the Dutch fleet, of about 20 ſail of the line, were ſtill lying at the Texel; That the Britiſh grand fleet, of 23 or 24 ſhips of the line, were in port, and 'tis ſaid will not attempt to put to ſea: That M. de Suffrin, commanding 5 French ſhips of the line, on his paſſage to the Eaſt-Indies, met with Commodore Johnſon, who alſo had under his command 5 Britiſh ſhips of the line, and a number of tranſports, bound, it is ſaid, on an expedition againſt the Dutch ſettlements at the Cape of Good-Hope, when the ſquadrons of both nations had an engagement, and after a ſevere conflict, the Britiſh gave way, and were forced to ſeek protection under the guns of a fort on the coaſt of Portugal; the French took two Britiſh tranſports, of the above fleet: That the Dutch at the Cape of Good-Hope were ſtrongly fortifying that place, and that a Britiſh ſhip, very richly laden, inadvertently going into that port, was taken by the Dutch.

By a veſſel arrived in a neighbouring port, in 15 days from Gaudaloupe, we learn, that 9 ſail of French men of war, having under convoy 70 tranſports, were ſafe arrived at Martinico from France.

A brig with about 250 hogſheads of rum and ſugar, taken by the Auſtra and Hermoine frigates, arrived at Portſmouth laſt week.

Saturday laſt a prize brig, laden with about 150 cheſts tea, bound from London for Quebec, arrived at Salem.

Sunday arrived ſafe, a prize brig, bound from Guernſey to Quebec, laden with wine, gin, &c. taken by the Robbin-Hood.

A number of very valuable prizes have arrived ſafe in port ſince our laſt.

Monday laſt a cartel arrived here, in 11 days from Halifax, in which came Capt. Joſeph Olney, late commander of the privateer ſhip Independence, belonging to Providence, and Capt. George W. Babcock, of the ſhip Venus, of this port, with moſt of their reſpective crews, together with Capt. Chiſm, of a privateer brig from Portſmouth, who inform, that they were lately captured by the Britiſh frigate Danae, Capt. Thomas Lloyd, from England, bound to Halifax, who had under her convoy, a fleet of about 12 ſail, and having on board Sir Andrew Snape Hammond, Governor of Halifax. The above Captains, together with their crews, were uſed with uncommon humanity and kindneſs, not only when on board, but alſo on their arrival at Halifax, both by the Captain and the Governor, and they take this method of publicly teſtifying their gratitude to thoſe gentlemen for the ſame.

By the above cartel we learn, that the renowned Capt. Evans, of the Charleſtown Britiſh frigate, died of his wounds received in the action with the Hermoine French frigate laſt month, off Nova-Scotia. Capt. Evans was an officer much eſteemed among the enemy, and his loſs appears much to be lamented:—That Major Batt, of the noted Col. Gorham's rangers, died there lately:—And that the *polite* Col. Cambell had returned from Penobſcot, to take command of the Britiſh forces there, Gen. M'Lane being dead.

It is ſaid that a French man of war, of 74 guns, and a frigate, were lately, by accident, deſtroyed by fire in the Weſt-Indies.

Laſt week arrived at Portſmouth, two prizes, laden with fiſh, ſalt, &c. taken by the Alexander.

Yeſterday arrived here a cartel from St. John's, Newfoundland, with 400 priſoners, lately taken and carried in there, belonging to the following veſſels, viz. brig Shark, Capt. Allen, Bolton; ſhip Congreſs, Capt. Ropes, Salem; ſhip Lewey, Capt. Nicholas, Portſmouth; brig Active, Capt. Pattin, Beverly; ſloop Fiſh-Hawk,——Beverly; brig New-Adventure, Capt. Neill, Beverly; ſhip Oliver Cromwell, Capt. Bray, Beverly; Capt. Storer, letter of marque ſhip Mercury, Portſmouth.

A Halifax paper of July 27, ſays, "Yeſterday arrived from England Sir Andrew Snape Hammond, Lieut. Governor of this Province, Commiſſioner of his Majeſty's yard, with his lady and two children. We can aſſure the public from indiſputable authority, that the negociation for a general peace, is ſtill going forward at Vienna—That the Ambaſſadors from the ſeveral Courts intereſted are appointed, and that the ſucceſs of it is not doubted.

By the poſt from the northward we hear that a few days ago a party of the enemy fell in with one of our ſcouts, near the mouth of Dog river, three of whom they made priſoners, the reſt eſcaped.—Another party, ſaid to be about 300, have been diſcovered at Mad river—the militia from the towns above have gone in ſearch of them.

P R O V I D E N C E, *Auguſt 11.*

On Thurſday returned into port, having ſprung her Maſt, the Privateer ſloop Succeſs, John B. Hopkins, Eſq; commander, and brought in the brig Roſe, from New-York, bound to Charleſtown, with dry goods on board to the amount of about Four hundred pounds ſterling.

The ſloop Crawford, of this port, late commanded by Capt Hill, is arrived at Beverly.—On her paſſage to Europe, with a cargo of Tobacco, ſhe was captured by a Britiſh cruizer, and retaken by the Privateer Scourge, of Salem.

N E W - L O N D O N, *Auguſt 3.*

Wedneſday arrived the letter of marque ſloop Hamlin, Capt, Tim. Star, in 31 days from Guadaloupe: He informs that there has lately been a reinforcement from France of ſeveral ſhips of the line, and that a very large fleet of merchantmen from the Weſt-India Iſlands were about ſailing for France, under convoy of eight ſail of the line; that after their departure 27 French ſhips of the line would ſtill remain in the Weſt-Indies. Star, near Nantucket ſhoals, fell in with a brig, called the Angus, which ſailed from Gibraltar about the firſt of May, with a number of Jews for England, but was taken by the privateer Junius Brutus from Salem, afterwards retaken by the Hornet, a Britiſh ſloop of war, who ordered her for New-York, but being met by the Hamlin, was again taken; ſhe is about 300 tons burden, laden with coal, cordage, duck, &c.

Auguſt 10. Friday laſt arrived in port the brig Marquis la Fayette, Capt. Hinman, and brought in the armed brig Diſpatch, in the Britiſh ſervice, commanded by a Lieutenant of their navy, laden with cannon and ſhot for Admiral Graves's fleet, who are ſuppoſed to be cruiſing in or near Boſton bay. The above brig left Sandy-Hook in company with the Swallow ſloop of war, who was in ſight when the Diſpatch ſtruck, but crowded all ſail from her, the Jay, Capt. Haven, being in ſight, gave her chace, but night coming on it was ſuppoſed he ſoon loſt ſight of her.

P O U G H K E E P S I E, Auguſt 20.

The following account from Schoharie, and accounts of the captivity and releaſe of Mr. Bleecker, and the robbery of General Schuyler's houſe, came too late for our paper of laſt week.

About the 25th ult. between 20 and 30 Indians and Tories made their appearance at Schoharie, and went to a houſe where they found a woman with two ſons, nearly grown up, and ſome other children.—One of the ſons they barbarouſly murdered in the preſence of the mother, though no reſiſtance had been made; the other, after ſetting fire to the houſe, which the woman, however, found means to extinguiſh, they carried off. They killed two other unarmed men, who fell in their way, burnt one houſe and two barns, and were proceeding to the houſe of Major Becker; but being diſcovered before they got quite to the houſe, the Major, with two other men, took to their arms, and in a ſhort time beat them off, leaving one of their wounded in the field; and from the diſcovery of blood in ſeveral places, it is probable that was not all the loſs. The gallant behaviour of Major Becker and the two men, not only does them great honour, but in all probability, prevented greater miſchief being done in the neighbourhood.

We have the pleaſure of informing the public, that John Bleecker, Eſq; who ſome days ſince was kidnapped at his place at Tomheneck, a few miles above Albany, is retaken and ſafely returned to Albany.—He was taken by a party under the command of one Howard, who had his orders in writing, from Col. St. Leger, commanding at St. John's.—Howard and his party were ſecured by ſome people on the Grants, who went in purſuit of them, and it is expected they will meet the fate, which a practice ſo contrary to the law of nations, merits.

It appears that the Britiſh are not aſhamed to employ their adherents, thus to ſteal away inhabitants out of the country;—and even condeſcend to offer rewards for the encouragement of this low unmanly buſineſs.

On the evening of the 7th inſt. a certain Capt. Meyer, formerly of Albany county, now of Roger's rangers, at the head of 18 or 20 men, came to the houſe of General Schuyler, at Albany, and on being refuſed admittance at the back gate, they forced it, entered the kitchen, and had proceeded to the back hall, before they were met by four white men and two blacks, who on diſcovering them, had been for their arms—the brave oppoſition made by theſe men and blacks, afforded General Schuyler time to gain his bed room, where his arms were depoſited—by this time the enemy had taken two of the men, wounded a third, and obliged a fourth, with the Negroes, to ſeek ſhelter in the cellar.—Some of the party then attempted to ſurround the houſe, whilſt others entered it.—Thoſe in the quarter expoſed to General Schuyler's fire, retired on the firſt diſcharge—though he repeated the fire frequently, to alarm the town. In the mean time, Meyers, with ſome of the party, had got up ſtairs, in the paſſage leading to the bed-room, but, on hearing the General call to the citizens, to haſten up and ſurround the houſe, retired with precipitation.—Though the citizens made all poſſible diſpatch, and their approach was probably the means of the villains going off, yet they came too late—the party had carried off the two priſoners, and ſome of the General's plate.—General Clinton immediately on the alarm, had ordered out a party of the regular troops, but as they were more remote than the citizens, they conſequently could not arrive in ſeaſon.—Parties were immediately ſent out, taking different routs, in purſuit of them, but by the laſt accounts, had not fallen in with them.

Last week we had repeated advices, of miſchief done by the enemy, at Warſing and places adjacent, about 30 miles back of Kingſton, ſoutherly, on the road from thence to Philadelphia. We have received no authenticated account of the matter, but the common report is, that the enemy conſiſted of about 200 Indians, or more ſavage inhabitants, painted and dreſſed like them, and about 80 or 90 tories, that they had burnt or deſtroyed about 14 houſes, with all the hay, grain and other property, they could find, and had carried off ſeveral of the inhabitants, among whom were two members of our late Aſſembly. That there were 70 or 80 of our ſoldiers quartered in the neighbourhood at different houſes, moſt of which the enemy attacked, but were beat off, and prevented from burning or doing any material damage. Hence it appears, that theſe cowardly villains, only mean to attack the defenceleſs, and that, like the Devil, by whoſe ſpirit they are actuated, if they are reſiſted they will flee from us. The militia, to the number of 500, under Col. Pawling, we hear, were in purſuit of them.

CHATHAM, *Auguſt* 22.

Laſt Wedneſday morning, before day-light, a party of about 50 refugees from Bergen, came over to Newark, where they made a centinel, ignorant of diſcipline, priſoner; but on their approaching another centinel, more alert, he fired on them and killed one. They took off three of the inhabitants, who have ſince returned, and about 30 head of cattle.

Laſt Sunday morning, one Stagg, a Refugee Lieutenant, came over to our people at Newark.

Laſt Saturday, a man belonging to one of the enemy's wood-boats, was drove, by a ſtrong wind, on the Great Meadows, where he was made priſoner by two of our people.

TRENTON, *Auguſt* 22.

Since our laſt ſeveral perſons, charged with paſſing counterfeit State Bills of Credit, knowing them to be ſuch, were lodged in the goal at this place.

We hear that a fleet of men of war, arrived at the Hook a few days ago, ſaid to be Admiral Graves from Gardiner's Bay.

Deſcription of counterfeit Eight Dollar State Bills.

The paper is much whiter, ſofter and thinner. The letters ſtand ſomewhat irregular, and particularly the letter G in the words EIGHT DOLLARS, is conſiderably lower. In the ſhade round the device on the back of the true bills, ſmall veins of white appear running through every part, but none of theſe are clearly diſtinguiſhable in the counterfeits. Over the head of the marginal indent on the right of the back of the true bills, there is a ſhort black line thus,--, which does not appear in the counterfeits. The ſigners names are badly done. The vacancies in the lower part of the letters in the words *Eight Dollars* on the back of the bills are ſtrongly ſhaded in the counterfeits, and quite open in the true.

ANNAPOLIS, *Auguſt* 23.

We have the pleaſure to aſſure the public from the beſt authority, that the troops under the command of Generals Sumpter and Marion, and Lieutenant-Colonel Lee, mentioned in our laſt as *detached* againſt Monk's-corner and Dorcheſter, have been in a great meaſure ſucceſsful. They obliged the enemy to abandon their works at Rigger's church, and captured *all* their baggage; took upwards of 140 priſoners, killed an equal number, with the inconſiderable loſs of 20 killed and 40 wounded. At Bigger's church ſeveral waggons and 200 horſes fell into our hands, one of the waggons loaded with ammunition. Four veſſels, filled with ſtores, were taken and deſtroyed; amongſt the ſtores there were 70 pipes of wine. Lee's legion behaved on this occaſion with their uſual gallantry, and the State horſe and militia of South-Carolina, acted with an addreſs and bravery, that would have done honour to the veterans of any country. Although engaged with the enemy for near two hours, between the diſtance of 40 and 80 yards, *they* ſtood firm and unmoved. This manœuvre has been attended with ſome of the deſired conſequences: it has obliged Rawdon to move down the country with the greater part of his force; the remainder, were ſtill at Orangeburg. Theſe advices are as late as July 24.

BALTIMORE, *Auguſt* 21.

The ſchooner Rappahannock, Captain Thomas Lee, belonging to Hobb's-Hole, Virginia, is ſafe arrived at an inlet on the Eaſtern-Shore of that State, in 13 days from St. Croix.

By the lateſt accounts from Virginia, we learn, that the Britiſh army, conſiſting of about 5000 men, under the command of Earl Cornwallis, ſtill occupied Glouceſter and York-Town, where the were erecting ſtrong works, in which they were aided by the labour of about 3000 Negroes.

Several ſmall picaroons, from New-York, now infeſt our bay. They have lately taken one or two ſmall veſſels near the mouth of Patowmack.

The Marquis de la Fayette's Head-Quartere were, a few days ago, near Ruffin's ferry, on Pamonky, a branch of York river, in Virginia, 30 miles northward of Williamſburg.—At the ſame time General Wayne, (with his diviſion of troops) was at Botton's bridge, about 15 miles ſoutheaſtward of Richmond, on the Williamſburg road.

PHILADELPHIA, *Auguſt* 29.

A letter from Baltimore mentions, that a waggon, laden with ammunition, &c. deſigned for the uſe of ſundry perſons who have lately been detected in a daring conſpiracy againſt the State, (ſome of whom were lately executed) was intercepted on its way to Fredericktown, but that the driver had made his eſcape.

The ſame letter ſays, that a report prevailed there, that two actions had lately happened in South-Carolina, between General Greene and Lord Rawdon, the event of which was favourable to our worthy General, who had finally cut off Lord Rawdon's communication with Charlestown.

A correſpondent from Virginia writes us, that the enemy, in paſſing through a plantation about 20 miles from Richmond, forcibly took away 50 valuable negroes, 30 high-bred horſes, all the cattle, ſheep and hogs, burned the barns with wheat, tobacco, &c. and inhumanly did all this miſchief, notwithſtanding the tears and entreaties of an amiable mother, and ſome charming children.—And what adds to the calamity, theſe negroes were put on board a Britiſh veſſel, retaken by an American privateer, after being in poſſeſſion of the enemy only 32 hours, and condemned as prize to the recaptors.—Surely Congreſs ought to pay ſome conſideration to peoperty taken from land by this cruel enemy, and not permit 24 hours poſſeſſion of the Britiſh, to give a perfect right to a recaptor of our own nation; an adequate SALVAGE ſhould be the regulation; or the ſouthern States only will ſuffer exceedingly, and their property be transferred to the eaſtern and middle States.

By a gentleman who left the Texel about the 28th of May laſt, we learn that the Dutch are exerting every nerve in the marine department, and that about the middle of June they expected to ſend to ſea a fleet of 40 ſail of the line and 20 frigates. That the Congreſs of Miniſters at Vienna was adjourned, England not being willing that the Miniſter from the United States of America ſhould have a ſeat there. He alſo informs, that a loan was opened in Holland, and filling faſt, for theſe States, and that it was ſuppoſed from circumſtances, &c. that the United Provinces would, in a ſhort time after his ſailing, *formally* acknowledge the Independence of America.

The ſhip Marquis Fayette, from France for America, with cloathing, &c. was taken off Cape Clear by a 40 gun ſhip and two 74's, after an engagement of three hours with the 40 gun ſhip before the others came up.

Laſt week ſeven Refugees were brought to town from New-Jerſey; they were taken a few days before, near the bridge in Morris's river, by ſome of the Jerſey militia in a ſhallop, which they attempted to board, when a ſharp conteſt enſued, during which four of the Refugees were killed and four wounded, when the reſt ſubmitted. There were fifteen in all, and it is ſaid the Captain (who was very badly wounded) called out, that he would give no quarters, which occaſioned the action to become deſperate. Providentially only one of the militia received a ſlight wound.

From Rivington's *New-York Gazette of Auguſt* 15.

By a veſſel which arrived on Monday evening in about fifty hours from the Cheſapeak, we are informed that Earl Cornwallis had left General O'Hara with the guards and ſome other corps at Portſmouth, and proceeding up the river, took poſt at York-Town, which occaſioned the Marquis de la Fayette to croſs from Burwell's ferry to Williamſburg, about ſeven miles from York-Town, ſo that ſhould the Marquis be diſpoſed to hazard another *bout*, we truſt the noble Earl will not diſappoint him.

Laſt Thurſday night eight rebel whale-boats made their appearance at Fluſhing-Bay ſide, on Long-Iſland, when ſome of them landed a few men; but as they did not like the appearance of things, the country being very ſoon alarmed, they ſpeedily embarked, and made the beſt of their way to the rebel ſhore. They carried away nothing, and ſaid they only wanted a few priſoners.

AUGUST 22.

The following is a pretty accurate liſt of prizes brought into this port, ſince Saturday the 11th inſtant, by ſeveral of his Majeſty's ſhips, and ſundry privateers.

SHIPS OF WAR.

The Trumbull, frigate, Capt. Nicholſon, of 32 guns, by his Majeſty's ſhips the Iris and General Monk.

The Belliſarius, of 24 guns, Capt. Munro, from Salem, by his Majeſty's frigates the Amphitrite, Medea and Virginia privateer, belonging to Meſſrs. Shedden and Goodrich.

The Aurora, of 24 guns, by his Majeſty's ſhip Royal Oak.

The brig Mariamne, Capt. Whipple, of 16 guns, by his Majeſty's frigate the Medea.

The Mercury, of 10 guns, Capt. Lothorp, by the General Monk, Capt. Rogers.

The privateer ſchooner Reſource, Capt. Audet, of 10 guns, by his Majeſty's ſhip the Solebay.

MERCHANTMEN.

The letter of marque ſhip Revolution, Capt. M'Naughton, of 20 guns, by the Triumph, Capt. Stout, and Hibernia, Capt. Dempſey, from Philadelphia for the Cape.

Schooner Stephen, Capt. Kelly, by ditto and the General Arnold.

The ſhip Jack and Harry, Capt. Noel, by his Majeſty's frigate the Amphion, &c. &c. from Salem, for the Weſt-Indies, with lumber and fiſh.

Brig Mary, retaken by ditto.

Brig Two Siſters, Monſ. Neveur, maſter, by the Savage ſloop of war, and Virginia privateer.

Brig Experiment, Capt. Stephens, by the Iris and General Monk.

Sloop Fortune, Capt. Miller, by his Majeſty's ſhip Beaumont.

Sloop Delight, Capt. Charie, by the barge Lady's Delight, Capt. Urian.

Brig Maria, Capt. Hawkins, from London for Halifax, loaded with proviſions, taken by the rebel brig Venus, Capt. Moore, belonging to Piſcataqua; but retaken by his Majeſty's ſhip Solebay.

A ſugger, called l'Amiable Elizabeth, Jean B. Bublel maſter, from L'Orient, for Philadelphia, with dry goods and wine; by his Majeſty's ſhip Solebay.

There was a mail on board the lugger, ſaid to contain 3 or 4000 letters, which was thrown overboard, but was afterwards taken up by ſome of the crew of the Solebay; ſeveral of the letters were in the Engliſh language, and ſome addreſſed to Members of Congreſs, which are reported to contain matters of great conſequence.

All the above merchantmen (except the Jack and Harry, brig Maria, and l'Amiable Elizabeth) are from Philadelphia, and have on board 3000 barrels of beſt flour.

Tueſday evening laſt, Captain William Harding, with about 40 men belonging to the refugee poſt on Bergen Neck, made an excurſion to Newark, in New-Jerſey, with an intention of ſurprizing a party of rebel ſix months men, ſtationed at that place, but happening to fall in with a patrole of only two men juſt on the borders of the town, one of which they took priſoner, but the other fired and ran off; by which means the rebels were alarmed, and in conſequence thoſe gallant ſpirits were diſappointed of their object; however they took four priſoners and collected about thirty head of cattle, which they conducted back with them to fort Delancey, on Bergen Neck. On this occaſion Mr. J. Coupar was unfortunately killed in attempting to make a priſoner of the patrole, who occaſioned the alarm, and whom it was in his power to have killed, but which in obedience of orders he forebore, in conſequence of which he loſt his own life, and his Majeſty a loyal ſubject and good ſoldier, he having diſtinguiſhed himſelf as ſuch on many occaſions.

AMOS WICKERSHAM,

In Arch-ſtreet, next door below the corner of Second-ſtreet, has for SALE,

MADEIRA, Port, Liſbon, Teneriffe and country made wines, Weſt-India and Philadelphia rum, geneva, French brandy, loaf and Muſcovado ſugar, tea, coffee, chocolate, Engliſh wool and cotton cards, iron pots, &c. &c. &c.

ALSO JOSEPH FEW's beſt SNUFF, in bottles and bladders, of which he will keep a large and conſtant ſupply. † 9t. t. b. c.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

TWO PLANTATIONS or tracts of LAND, the one ſituate in Providence townſhip, Philadelphia county, containing 168 acres; the other tract ſituated in Norrington townſhip, and county aforeſaid, containing 105 acres; late the eſtate of Samuel Brown, deceaſed. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms by applying to the ſubſcribers, living in Tredyffrin townſhip, Cheſter county, near the Valley Forge.

Auguſt 19, 1781. ANN BROWN, JOHN BROWN, } Execut.

WANTED in a Taylor's Shop,

AN ERRAND BOY, either from the city or country, not under 11 years old, he ſhall be found in ſhoes, ſtockings, and other neceſſary cloaths during the time we agree. If he ſhould after ſome time be inclined to engage under indenture to the taylor's trade, proper ſchooling ſhall be allowed to him. Enquire of the Printers.

FIFTY TONS of

LOGWOOD,

Will be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Saturday next, the firſt of September, at ten o'clock in the morning, at Mifflin's wharff, near Vine ſtreet.

FOR the convenience of purchaſers, it will be divided into LOTS of one ton each; being part of the eſtate of SAMUEL MIFFLIN, Eſq; deceaſed.

† 1w WILLIAM ATTMORE, Executor.

WANTED immediately for Public Service,

A NUMBER of

Able-bodied DRAUGHT HORSES.

ANY perſons having ſuch to diſpoſe of, may find purchaſers, by applying to Mr. JACOB HILTZHEIMER, or SAMUEL MILES, in Philadelphia.

ON the 14th of Auguſt inſt. was taken away by miſtake, or ſtolen from William Cooper's ferry, oppoſite the city of Philadelphia, a man's NEW SADDLE, well finiſhed, with a thin pad, which comes almoſt as low as the ſkirts, and a large ſaddle-cloth of flannel or blanketing, bound with broad red binding; the girth faſt on both ſides of the ſaddle, and draws thro' loops ſewed to the ſkirts; the ſtirrup-leather reeved the ſtirrup, without a ſwivel. Whoever returns the ſaddle, if in miſtake, it will be thankfully acknowledged; but if ſtolen, whoever ſecures the ſaddle and thief, ſo as he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have SIX HARD DOLLARS reward, paid by WILLIAM COOPER.

N. B. There was an old great coat on the ſaddle when taken away, of a lead coloured home made cloth. Alſo a good kirb briddle.

TO BE SOLD,

The following LOTS of LAND, in Cumberland county, New-Jerſey, viz.

A LOT of 27 ſquare perches and five tenths, ſituate in Roads-town, on which is a good two ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, compleatly finiſhed, a cellar under the ſame; there is joining the above a good frame houſe, with two rooms on a floor, a good barn and ſtables, chair-houſe, garden, &c. and a good pump of water near the door, all in good repair.

Alſo ten acres and an half of land, at and near Bridgetown, one half acre of which joins on the main ſtreet, on the ſame is a well finiſhed two ſtory frame houſe, with two rooms on a floor, a cellar under the whole, and a kitchen adjoining, good ſtable, ſmoke-houſe, &c. and a good pump of water near the door, all in good repair.

Alſo a tract of woodland lying on Cedar creek, in Fairfield townſhip, containing 100 acres, three miles and an half from a good landing on Cohanſey creek; there is a good ſtream of water runs through this lot, and a quantity of cedar rails and boards may be made in the ſwamp joining on the ſaid ſtream. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the whole, or any part, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, in Roads-town.

CHARLES CLUNN.

N. B. As the ſubſcriber intends leaving the county as ſoon as his health will permit, he begs all thoſe who are indebted to him by note or book debt, to diſcharge the ſame without farther notice; and all thoſe that have demands againſt him, by bringing their accounts proved, ſhall have them diſcharged. ¶ C. C.

Lower Dublin, Auguſt 18, 1781.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JACOB LAUGLEN, late of Lower Dublin townſhip, deceaſed, are requeſted to make payment as ſoon as poſſible; and all thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their accounts. MARY LAUGLEN, JACOB RUSH, WILLIAM POLLARD, } Adminiſtrat.

CAME to the plantation of JOHN GRIFFITH, in Williſtown, Cheſter county, the beginning of July laſt, A ſmall brindle COW, very poor. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. *Auguſt* 23, 1781. ¶

CAME to the plantation of Joſeph Turner, in Paſſyunk townſhip, Philadelphia county, the 2d of June laſt, a ſorrel HORSE, about 14 hands and an half high, branded on the near buttock C. A. and on the near ſhoulder M, has four white feet, and a blaze in his face. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges in three weeks from the date hereof, otherwiſe he will be ſold for the ſame. CHRISTIAN GROVER.

Auguſt 27, 1781. ¶

THE HIGHEST PRICE

GIVEN FOR CLEAN

COTTON *and* LINEN RAGS,

By HALL & SELLERS.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, Wholeſale or Retail, by

HALL and SELLERS,

At the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, *oppoſite the Jerſey-Market,*

A neat EDITION of

THE NEW TESTAMENT,

Printed on a good Type, and exceeding good Paper.

At ſame Place may be had.

DILWORTH's SPELLING BOOKS, PRIMERS, WATTS's PSALMS and HYMNS, &c.

Sixteen Hard Dollars Reward.

STOLEN last night, out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, in Horſham townſhip, Philadelphia county, a dark bay HORSE, with a blackiſh curled mane and tail, heavy made, in good order, turned of four years old this ſpring, a natural trotter, but can pace a little, ſhod before, has a ſmall ſtar, above 14 hands high, branded on the near buttock with the letters S Q. Whoever ſecures the horſe and thief, ſo that the thief may be brought to juſtice, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, or EIGHT DOLLARS for the horſe only, and reaſonable charges, paid by SETH QUEE. ¶ *June* 25, 1781.

Seven HALF JOES Reward.

STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Hilltown townſhip, Bucks county, on the night of the 28th inſtant (July) A Brown MARE, with a large ſtar in her forehead, and is ſuppoſed to have a ſnip; between 14 and 15 hands high, ſhod before, natural to trot and canter, about 8 years old, has a ſhort, very deep neck, and is a compleat creature for a farm; ſhe has on one of her buttocks, about four inches from the root of her tail, a ſmall mark or impreſſion reſembling the hole of a bullet. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid mare and thief, that the owner may have her again, and the thief be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or for the mare alone, EIGHT POUNDS, and all reaſonable charges, from

July 29, 1781. ¶ JOSEPH GRIER.

WANTED,

A LAD of about twelve or thirteen years of age, as an APPRENTICE, to learn the

PAPER-MAKING BUSINESS;

Such a one may hear of a place by applying to JOSEPH CRUKSHANK, Printer, in Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the Preſbyterian Meeting-Houſe, Philadelphia; or of MORRIS TRUMAN, at their Paper-Mill, at Darby. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY young Negroe Woman, about 19 years of age, with a young child; ſold for no fault, only on account of her breeding. For further particulars enquire of the ſubſcriber, in North-Millford hundred, Cæcil county, Maryland,

¶ GEORGE ALEXANDER.

New-Caſtle county, St George's, Auguſt 5, 1781.

WHEREAS ALEXANDER PORTER, of Paxton townſhip, Lancaſter county, did, on the 19th of June, 1780, obtain of me the ſubſcriber, a Note of Hand for Fifteen Pounds in ſpecie, payable in one year from the date of ſaid note, in conſideration of ſome lands bought of him; and as ſaid Porter did then give me his bond for a certain ſum of money therein mentioned, to ſupport the title and quality of ſaid land, agreeable to the deſcription then given before ſponſible men, before ſigning ſaid note; but finding both impoſſible for him to do, this is therefore to forewarn all perſons whatſoever from taking an aſſignment on ſaid note, as I am determined not to pay ſaid 15l. but on the contrary, if ſaid Porter does not come in ſix weeks from this date and give up the note, and reſtore me the other property or the value thereof, he then received of me, I am determined to give his bond to an Attorney at the expiration of that time, in order to compel him to the ſame, and by the rigour of our good laws, make an example of ſuch impoſture.

Alſo, ANDREW MORELAND, of Lancaſter county, did, on the 17th of December, 1780, obtain a Note of Hand of me for Sixty Pounds lawful money of Pennſylvania, payable in two months from the date thereof; and as I have paid to himſelf, and ſundry others by his order, the principal part of ſaid note, which ſaid Moreland now diſputes, and has propoſed aſſigning ſaid note for the nominal ſum; this is to forewarn all perſons from taking any aſſignment on ſaid note, as I am determined not to pay any part thereof remaining, till I have my account proven and adjuſted. Signed, time and place above.

¶ WILLIAM SHIELDS.

Twenty Hard Dollars Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Cæcil county, in the State of Maryland, a Negroe man, named WILL, about 30 years of age, he is a ſmall fellow, only his legs, which are large to the ſize of his body, is a tanner by trade; had on, and took with him, when he went away, an old kerſey jacket, tow ſhirt and trowſers, a red cloth coat, ſtriped ſilk jacket, a pair of white linen breeches, thread ſtockings, a pair of half-worn ſhoes, and an old felt hat. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe, and brings him to his maſter, or ſecures him in any goal, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ JOHN STOCKTON.

STRAYED or STOLEN, but ſuppoſed the latter, out of the ſubſcriber's paſture, in Pennſbury, Cheſter county, on the night of the 7th inſtant, A Black MARE, 5 years old laſt ſpring, bald face, one wall eye, both hind feet white, trots and carries loftyr better than 15 hands high. Whoever ſecures the mare ſo that the owner gets her again, ſhall have FOUR HARD DOLLARS REWARD, and if the thief likewiſe, ſo that he may be convicted, ſhall have ONE HALF JOHANNES on conviction, paid by

¶ JOSEPH TEMPLE.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Horſham townſhip, Philadelphia county, the 26th day of the 7th month, 1781, a ſtray MARE, of a grey colour, about 14 hands high, a natural pacer, and in good order. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

¶ JOHN CONARD.

To be Sold for the term of ten years,

A HEARTY, ſtrong, likely NEGROE GIRL, 18 years old, can do all kinds of houſe work, is ſtrictly honeſt, and ſold for no fault but want of employ. For terms enquire of J. JORDAN, in Shippen-ſtreet, between the corner of Second-ſtreet and the Sugar-houſe. ¶

Philadelphia, July 30, 1781.

ALL perſons indebted to the ſubſcriber by Bills, Bonds, or Book-Debts, are requeſted to come and diſcharge the ſame in ſix weeks from the date hereof, otherwiſe he will be under the diſagreeable neceſſity of putting it into an Attorney's hands.

He has for SALE, a very valuable PLANTATION, in Charleſtown townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 417 acres, well wooded and watered; there is a lime kiln on the premiſes, and plenty of lime-ſtone and timber; it is reckoned as good a farm as moſt in the county. The condition and terms of payment will be made eaſy to the purchaſer, giving ſecurity if required.

¶ HUGH FRAZER.

WAS taken up by the ſubſcriber, in the borough of Cheſter, the 7th inſtant (July) A ſmall BAY HORSE, branded on the near ſhoulder with the letter D, appears to be blind of the near eye. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges and take him away. EDWARD VERNON.

N. B. Was taken from a ſoldier ſome time ago, on ſuſpicion of being ſtolen, about five yards of Blue Broad CLOTH. The owner proving his property, may have it again, by applying as above. ¶

Philadelphia, July 31, 1781.

ALL perſons indebted to the late partnerſhip of WETHERILL and CRESSON, by bond, note or book debt, are deſired to call and pay the ſame to JAMES CRESSON, in Philadelphia, or to JOSEPH WETHERILL, living in Burlington; and thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid company, are requeſted to bring in their accounts for payment. ¶ 4 w.

TO BE SOLD,

A Young, active, ſtrong Negroe Lad, 21 years of age, country born, and who is well qualified for a gentleman's family, or the duties of a farm, as he has been brought up to each. His fondneſs for company in this city, and ſome evil conduct ariſing therefrom, hath determined his maſter to ſell him to a perſon reſiding in the country, where more work and leſs temptation will better ſuit him. Therefore, whoever wants a fellow, compleat as a houſe ſervant, and capable as a farmer, may know farther concerning him of the Printers. ctf.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, in Evesham, Burlington county, State of New-Jerſey, on the night of the 22d inſtant, a bright bay HORSE, four years old, with a long ſwitch tail, his hind feet white, a ſmall ſtar in the forehead, round bodied and lengthy, about 14 hands 3 inches high. Alſo a bright bay MARE, 6 or 7 years old, heavy with foal, ſhort ſwitch tail, her off hind foot white, a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, about 14 hands and an half high. Whoever ſecures ſaid creatures, ſo that the owner may get them again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, or EIGHT DOLLARS for the creatures only, paid by

July 24, 1781. ¶ JONATHAN CRISPIN.

LINEN PRINTING.

The Subſcriber begs leave to inform the Public, That a

MANUFACTORY

Is now opening at KENSINGTON, joining the Glaſs Houſe,

For Printing Linens, Cottons and Callicoes,

For Gown Patterns, Handkerchiefs, Bed-Furniture, &c. Of a neat Blue Ground, and elegant Patterns.

HE will warrant them to waſh, and to be as well executed as any European goods whatſoever, or return the money. White Silk Handkerchiefs, new or half worn, may be printed and made to look almoſt as well as India. Merchants or Storekeepers will be waited on, by leaving a line for the ſubſcriber, at Alexander Boyle's tavern, the north-eaſt corner of Market and Front ſtreets.

¶ JOHN HEWSON.

PAPER HANGINGS,

OF a very neat Pattern and good Ground, ſufficient for Papering a few Rooms, may be had at a reaſonable price, at WILLIAM POYNTELL'S Stationary Store, in Second-ſtreet, three doors below Market-ſtreet.

At ſame place may be had, BLACK INK-POWDER, of an excellent quality, by the groce, dozen, &c. Alſo, WRITING-PAPER, BLANK-BOOKS of all kinds, BIBLES, &c. &c. &c. ¶ 6 w.

Doctor WILLIAM CURRIE,

MAKES known to all who may have occaſion for his aſſiſtance, that he has moved from Cheſter to Philadelphia, and reſides in Front-ſtreet, one door below the corner of Shippen-ſtreet.

And as he has had all the advantages that education, inſtruction, and a long and regular courſe of ſtudies can afford, joined to the experience of more than eight years extenſive and ſucceſsful practice in Phyſic and Surgery, and is in poſſeſſion of all the late improvements which have advanced the medical art to the rank of a ſcience, and almoſt to a ſtate of perfection, he hopes the indulgent public will favour him with ſuitable encouragement, and they may depend on a faithful diſcharge of his duty, and will find his charges uncommonly moderate.

He likewiſe keeps an aſſortment of MEDICINES of the beſt quality to diſpoſe of, at the loweſt rates. ‡ 6 w.

CAME to the plantation of James Luken, on Wedneſday, the 11th day of this inſtant (July) A SORREL HORSE, with a bald face, 14 hands high, about 7 years old, branded P on each ſhoulder, with ſome ſaddle marks. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. ‡ JAMES LUKEN.

RUN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Solebury townſhip, Bucks county, on the 9th of March laſt, An indented Servant Lad, named JOHN LOTT, about 5 feet 11 inches high, hath remarkable curled hair, about 20 years of age. Whoever will take up ſaid ſervant, and bring him home to his maſter, the ſubſcriber, ſhall be entitled to the reward of FIVE SHILLINGS, from me,

¶ JOHN ELY.

Imported in the Franklin, and other veſſels from Europe, and arrived by land from Boſton, a large and elegant ASSORTMENT of

MERCHANDIZE,

Now opening for SALE, by

JOHN KEAN,

At the SPINNING WHEEL, on the corner of Market and Third-ſtreets, viz.

SCARLET ſuperfine broad cloths.
Blue, brown, green, purple, ſuperfine broad cloths, twilled and knapped.
Brown, claret, cinnamon and cloth coloured ſecond cloths.
Grey and brown, ſtrong Engliſh knaps.
London brown, buff, ſcarlet, white and ſtriped caſſimers.
London brown, ſtriped, purple, and a variety of foreſt cloths.
Buff, blue, green, cloth coloured and white pluſh.
Green, ſcarlet, blue and cloth coloured fine pluſh, faſhionably ribbed.
A great variety of ſpotted, brown, claret coloured and black velvets, plain and cut.
Buff, brown, claret, olive, black, green, white and purple corduroys.
Grey, white and ſtriped coatings.
Black everlaſtings.
Serge denims.
Serge dejean.
Prunellas.
Duroons.
A variety of corded and plain worſteds, ſuitable for gentlemen's jackets and breeches.
A variety of ſilk jacket and breeches patterns.
Corded dimities.
White, brown, olive, blue and emboſſed ſerges.
Embo ſſed flannels.
Minorca ſerges.
White flannels.
Corded, plain and ſpotted callimancoes, of various colours.
Blue and brown baizes.
White ſwanſkin.
Shalloons of every colour.
Mens and womens worſted, cotton and ſilk hoſe of various colours.
Purple, green and cloth coloured crapes.
A beautiful aſſortment of chintz and calicoes.
Marſeilles quilting.
Cinnamon, dove colour, black and cloth coloured, blue, brown, changeable and clouded mantuas, of different patterns.
White, blue, black garnet, crimſon, pink and ſtriped ſattins.
Black, white and blue half ſattins.
Azure, blue, green, white, pink and black modes.
Dove coloured paduaſoys.
A few pieces of beautiful brocades.
Green, brown, dove, cloth colour, blue, black, white and crimſon ell wide perſians.
Pink, blue, black, green, white and crimſon ſarſnets.
An elegant aſſortment of the moſt faſhionable ſilk gauzes, kentings and catgut.
Muſlins tamboured.
Elegant ditto ditto aprons.
Skilleting and cap wire.
Large fine blankets.
Yard wide and 7-8ths bed ticks of the beſt quality.
6-qrs. yard 3-8ths, yard wide, and 7-8ths cotton checks.
Black and ſcarlet princes ſtuffs.
Olive, white, buff, blue, brown, and ſpotted jeans.
Table cloths and towelling diaper.
Damaſcus.
Blue, white and green, India tafferies.
7-8ths and yard wide ticklenburg.
Sail duck.
Mens, womens and childrens Engliſh leather ſhoes.
Ladies ſtuff ditto.
A large aſſortment of fine thread lace, edgings and trolly.
Silk ſtockings, gloves and mits.
Purple gloves and mits.
Coarſe and fine cambricks and lawns.
Silk, kenting, linen and cotton handkerchiefs, of every pattern and colour.
Beautiful tiffany handkerchiefs.
Iriſh, Dutch and French linens.
Bag holland.
Broad and narrow Ruſſia ſheetings.
Dowlas.
Lavals.
White and brown ſheeting.
Flowered and milnet lawns.
Milnet lawn handkerchiefs.
Sewing ſilks of all colours.
Thread of every colour and fineneſs.
Long lawn.
Plain and ſtriped muſlins, coarſe and fine.
Twiſt of different colours.
Mens coarſe hoſe and mits.
Snuff in bottles.
Camblets.
Durants.
Rattinets.
Venetian poplins, &c.
Plated and gilded buttons.
Whitechapel and common Engliſh needles.
12 and 14 oz. ſadlers tacks.
Round pins.
Silver locket buttons of various patterns.
Ink pots.
Hanover laces.
Tapes.
Razors of the firſt quality, in caſes with ſtraps, &c.
Watch chryſtals and ſprings.
Black and white narrow and broad lace.
Bengalls and ginghams.
An aſſortment of ribbands.
Pots.
Iron ſkillets.
Copper coffee pots and ſkillets.
Braſs candleſticks.
Caſt boxes.
Window weights.
Bake ſtones, &c.

ALSO,

Cinnamon, raiſins in jars, philberts and almonds by the bag.
Some hogſheads of extraordinary indigo, with numberleſs other articles too tedious to mention.

J. KEAN returns his moſt grateful Thanks to thoſe who have generouſly favoured him with their Cuſtom, and begs Leave to aſſure them it will be his conſtant Study to merit a Continuation of their Favours.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the COMMITTEE OF ASSEMBLY, for ſettling and adjuſting the Publick Accounts, will meet at the State-Houſe, on MONDAY, the 20th of Auguſt next, and give Attendance until the Fourth of September following: At which Time and Place all Treaſurers, Commiſſioners, Collectors of Exciſe and others, by law directed to ſettle Annually with the Committe of Aſſembly, are required to attend with their Accounts and Vouchers.

July 10. SHARP DELANY, JOHN STEINMETZ, WILLIAM HARRIS, EVAN EVANS, JAMES JACKS, JONATHAN HOGE, } Committee of Accounts.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.